

























	<i>latin name</i> common name	<i>fall</i>	<i>winter</i>	<i>spring</i>	<i>special characteristic</i>	<i>learning opportunities & horticultural value / notes</i>
	Schoolyard Trees					
	<i>Pinus strobus</i> <i>'fastigiata'</i> Eastern White Pine					large cones; distinct needles in cluster of five (W for 5); used for ship's masts in colonial times
	<i>Ginkgo biloba</i> Ginko					durable and slow growing; many variations in fan shape leaves; ancient tree from China
	<i>Quercus palustris</i> Pin Oak					acorns to collect; fall color; dry leaves often remain through winter
	<i>Cornus kousa</i> Kousa Dogwood					blooms in June; fruit stays into late fall
	<i>Gleditsia triacanthos</i> Common Honey Locust					curly legume seed pods through winter; dramatic thorn clusters; small multiple leaves on stems
	<i>Tilia cordata</i> Linden					scented blossoms in spring; heart shape leaves; multi color fall leaves